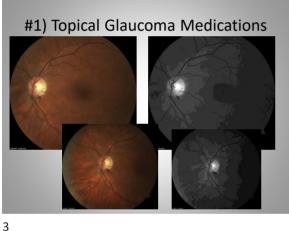
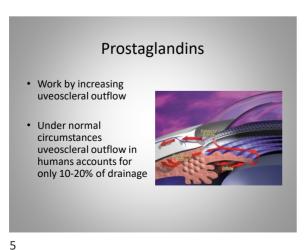


· No financial disclosures · brsutton@indiana.edu



**Prostaglandins** Five drugs Xalatan and generic (also BAK free Xelpros). Iyuzeh Travatan-Z / generic Travatan Lumigan and generic Zioptan Omlonti



# **Prostaglandins**

- · Very effective
- Can lower IOP 30% and more
- Can get remarkable effects with very high pressures
- First choice for many practitioners
- QD dosing: does not have to be QHS
- · Synergistic with other topical meds
- Most synergistic with CAI's and Alpha 2 agonists, seem to be least so with Beta blockers (studies vary)
- · Relatively slow onset of action

6

# Prostaglandin side effects

- Contraindicated to some degree in.......
- Uveitic and Neovascular glaucoma
- History of uveitis
- History of HSK
- · During cataract post-op
- Aphakia
- · History of CME
- Mixed colored irises?
- Unilateral Treatment
- Not very helpful with acute angle closure (take too long to work)

# Prostaglandin side effects

- Can darken mixed colored irises
- Hyperpigmentation of eyelid skin
- Hypertrichosis
- Hyperemia
- "Orbitopathy", ? Lid clicking
- Almost entirely free of significant systemic side effects





7

#### **Xalatan**

- Latanoprost .005%
- · Generic is available
- · Longest track record
- May have the most propensity to change iris color
- Preservative free version lyuzeh: PHILRx: \$60. Samples available.
- Xelpros: BAK free version (Potassium Sorbate 0.47%)





# Xelpros

- Can not just prescribe to any pharmacy
- XelprosExpress program

10

- Order though one of two specific mail order pharmacies
- Independent of insurance coverage...
- \$55 one month
- \$110 three months
- Can not count toward Medicare D deductible

9

#### Travatan-Z

- Travaprost .004%
- Preserved with Sofzia, so less toxicity
- Old original Travatan available generically



# Lumigan

- Bimatoprost .03% (oldgenerically available) and .01%
- May be slightly more potent than Xalatan and Travatan-Z
- Most prominent side effect profile
- If one does not work, try another?



11 12

### Zioptan

- · .0015% Tafluprost
- · Preservative free, so excellent for OSD patients
- · FDA approval for OAG and ocular hypertension
- · Generic available as of late 2022

13 14

#### **Omlonti**

- Approved by the FDA in September of 2022
- · Santen and UBE
- Selective EP2 prostaglandin receptor agonist
- Omidenepag 0.002%
- In Japan since 2018 as Eybelis
- Enhances outflow through both the uveoscleral and TM pathways, so similar to Vyzulta in that regard

#### Rhokinase inhibitors

Vyzulta

A completely novel drug class for glaucoma

Approved by the FDA in

Latanoprostene Bunod

uveoscleral outflow and

Nitrous Oxide donating

· Once per day dosing

Increases both

TM outflow

Very effective

molecule

late 2017

- Rhopressa: approved by FDA in late 2017
- Roclatan: Rhopressa combined with Latanaprost. Approved by FDA in Early 2019. Over 60% of patients in trials had an IOP decrease of at least 30%
- Can be used to improve endothelial function in Fuch's patients / post surgical edema Case reports of benefit in neurotrophic keratitis

- Increases TM outflow
- Lowers episcleral venous pressure so lowers outflow resistance
- Decreases aqueous production
- Substantial redness (53% in trials)
- Vortex keratopathy (20% in trials): can impact vision
- Subconjunctival hemes
- Reticular bullous corneal edema (honevcomb)
- Follicular toxic response similar to Brimonidine, but not common
- · Purchased by Alcon from Aerie

15 16



#### **Beta Blockers**

- · Many available
- Both .5% and .25%
- Many can be used QD: Can try .25% QAM in mild cases and work up from there
- Decrease aqueous production
- · Very, very inexpensive in generic form
- · Expect IOP drop of around 25%
- Dose in AM when using

17

3

#### **Beta Blockers**

- Timolol / Timoptic .25% and .5% (\$4 / \$10 plans)
- Betagan .25% and .5%
- Betimol .25% and .5%
- Istalol .5%
- Timoptic XE and Timoptic XE PF .25% and .5%
- Most available as generics



#### Beta Blocker contraindications / SE's

- · Well known with very long track record......
- Depression Impotence
- Asthma
- COPD / bradychardia
- Some COPD patients or patients with mild asthma can take Beta Blockers
- · Effects on cholesterol levels · Can cause CME post

cataract surgery

· Very safe over all

20 19

# Alpha -2 agonists

- · Alphagan and Alphagan- P
- · Confusing! Alphagan .2%, Alphagan-P .15%, and Alphagan-P .10%
- .2% and Alphagan-P .15% generically available
- · What does the "P" stand for? Purite (preservative in place of BAK)
- Combigan (.2% A and .5% Timolol); has a generic
- Simbrinza (.2% A and Azopt)

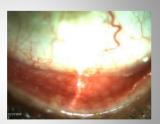
# Alphagan (P)

- Dosed BID; rarely TID
- Expect IOP drop of around 20%
- NDA for .35% once daily formulation from Visiox
- Work by decreasing inflow and increasing TM
- Now also Lumify (Brimonidine 0.025%) for OTC redness relief. Less chance of rebound hyperemia and tachyphylaxis, selectively constricts veins

21 22

# Alphagan SE's

- · Dry mouth
- Hyperemia
- Follicular toxic conjunctivitis
- Fatigue!!!!!!
- · Can't use with MAOI's.....but who takes those? Nardil & Parnate



# Topical CAI's

- Two: Trusopt and Azopt
- Relatively safe but not very potent as monotherapy
- Expect IOP drop around 15-
- More synergistic with prostagalandins however
- Dosed BID, TID occasionally
- Cosopt is combo drop with Truspot and Timolol .5%. Has a preservative free version as well
- Trusopt and Cosopt have generics (off and on supply issue) Azopt generic March 2021
- Azopt generic March 2021 Simbrinza: Azopt and .2% Alphagan combination. Dosed BID-TID. Horrible problem with follicular toxic response. Far more common than with .2% Alphagan alone
- · Work by decreasing inflow

23 24

# Topical CAI SE's

- Burning and stinging (especially Trusopt)
- · Sulfa allergies (but not a problem for many with systemic allergy, only about 10%)
- Can be hard on corneal endothelium: watch with Fuch's
- Metallic taste



# Glaucoma treatment during pregnancy and / or nursing

- Many things to consider
- Most important during first trimester due to organogenesis, then again during nursing
- IOP drops naturally during pregnancy



25 26

# Pregnancy / nursing

- Consider no treatment if glaucoma is mild
- Consider SLT
- · With drops......
- Alphagan (pregnancy)
- · Beta Blockers (both)
- · Prostaglandins while nursing

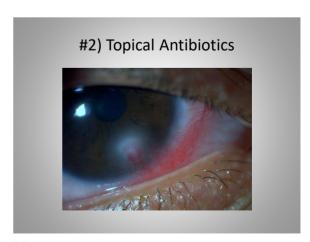
# Pregnancy / Nursing

- Alphagan the "safest" based upon category but can cause severe CNS depression and apnea in infants, so D/C shortly before birth
- Many practitioners feel the most safe using beta-blockers, because systemic Bblockers are used for HTN in pregnancy

27 28

# Pregnancy / Nursing

- Avoid prostaglandins (used systemically to induce labor)
- plugs to minimize systemic absorption in all cases
- Summary: Alphagan or Beta Blocker during pregnancy
- Use NLDO or punctal
   Prostaglandins or Beta Blockers during lactation



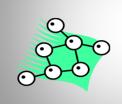
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#### **Fourth Generation Fluoroquinolones**

- Gatifloxacin .5% (Zymaxid)
- Moxifloxacin .5% (Vigamox)
- Moxeza
- Besivance
- ? Quixin



# Fourth generations



32

- Second generation fluoroquinolones bind only to topoisomerase 4 or DNA gyrase, 4th generations bind to both. Therefore not one but two genetic mutations are required for resistance.
- This has certainly helped, but as always, the bugs are figuring it out
- Pediatric use generally down to one year and older

31

# ARMOR (antibiotic resistance monitoring in ocular microrg.) study

- Studied 592 ocular isolates
- 200 staph aureus, 144 coagulase negative staph, 75 strep pneumoniae, 73 haemophilus, and 100 pseudomonus
- All susceptibility studies were performed at the same lab

# ARMOR study

- · 39% of staph aureus was MRSA
- 80% of MRSA exhibited Fluoroquinolone resistance
- Besivance proved to show the least resistance across isolates
- Resistance was shown to be a significant problem with multiple drugs and multiple bugs

33

#### Most recent ARMOR update

- 10 year time period from 2009-2018. Information released in 2020
- 88 sites, 41 states, 6091 isolates
- 1/3 of staph aureus is MRSA
- 1/2 of CONS is MR
- Increasing resistance to Tobramycin
- ¾ of MR staph is resistant to 3 or more drugs
- 1/3 of strep pneumonia is resistant to Azithromycin
- Pseudomonus and Hemophilus show low resistance across the board
- Besivance still with very low resistance

#### Gatifloxacin

- Zymaxid .5%
- · Generic available
- Excellent, broad spectrum agent
- TID for bacterial conjunctivitis
- Original was Zymar, discontinued



35 36

#### Moxifloxacin

- Vigamox .5%
- · Generic available
- Excellent broaspectrum agent
- Preservative free
- TID dosing for conjunctivitis
- Moxeza .5%
- Different vehicle, and preserved
- Longer contact time, so BID conjunctivitis dosing
- Pediatric use at 4 months and older

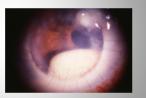
# BAIT (bilateral acute iris transillumination) / BADI (atrophy / depigmentation) syndromes

- · Rare!
- Less than 100 reported cases, mostly Turkey and Greece. Often middle-aged women
- Acute loss of iris pigmentation with extensive TID (BAIT only)
- Often increased IOP
- Dilated, poorly reactive pupil
- Most often oral Moxifloxacin, but has been seen with topical Moxifloxacin as well
- May affect the melanin

37 38

#### **Besivance**

- · Besifloxacin .6%
- · No generic
- Excellent, broad spectrum agent
- Need to shake
- No oral version, so less problems with resistance
- TID conjunctivitis dosing, pediatric rating down to one year



Quixin

- .5% concentration of levofloxacin
- Generic available
- · ? 4th generation
- Iquix: 1.5%, discontinued.



39 40

# Older Fluoroquinolones

- Ciloxan
- Ocuflox



#### Ciloxan

- .3% Ciprofloxacin, generic available
- Second Generation
- · Good gram-negative coverage, adequate pos.
- Weak against Strep, great against Pseudomonas
- White precipitate often seen in bed of ulcer with treatment. Occurs 15% of the time, increases dramatically with age (ph based)
- · Has an available ointment

41 42

#### Ocuflox

- .3% Ofloxacin: generic
- · Second generation
- · Good gram-negative, better pos.
- Less effective against Pseudomonas
- Much better tissue penetration than Ciloxan......present in therapeutic levels in the AC
- Often used as inexpensive but effective prophylaxis with cataract surgery

## **Aminoglycosides**

- Tobramycin
- Gentamycin
- Neomycin
- All work by inhibiting bacterial protein synthesis. Are bactericidal
- Highly effective against gram-negative bacteria, especially Pseudomonas
- Effective against gram-positive bacteria but less so with ever increasing resistance

43 44

# Aminoglycosides

- Side effects common to the entire class include PEK (epithelial toxicity), potential allergic reactions, and eyelid edema / erythema
- Cost effective due to generic availability (4\$ plans)

# Tobramycin .3%

- Available generically in drop and ointment form. Ointment (Tobrex) is very expensive!
- More effective and less toxic than Gentamycin
- Less allergic potential than Neomycin
- Tobradex (Tobramycin & Dexamethasone)
- Tobradex ST: lower concentration of dexamethasone (.05%)
- ZyLet (Tobramycin & Loteprednol)
   Pediatric use 2 months and up

45 46

#### Gentamycin .3 %

- Available generically in drop and ointment form
- Overall, slightly less effective and slightly more toxic than Tobramycin
- Less allergic potential than Neomycin
- With the arrival of generic Tobramycin, Gentamycin's use dropped off considerably
- · Not rated for pediatric use

#### Neomycin

- · Not available as a stand-alone drug
- Ointment or drops in combination with other medications. Highest potential for allergy
- Neosporin drops (Neomycin, Polymyxin, Gramacidin)
- Neosporin Ointment (Neomycin, Polymixin,Bacitracin)
- Maxitrol / Dexacidin (Neo / Poly/ Dexa)

#### Others

- · Polytrim
- · Erythromycin
- Bacitracin
- Sulfacetamide 10%
- Azasite



50 49

# Polytrim

- Polymyxin-B and Trimethoprim)
- · Polymyxin great against gram negative, destroys cell membranes
- · Trimethoprim inhibits folic acid synthesis and creates bacteriostasis. Effective against grampositive and gram-negative except **Pseudomonas**

# Polytrim

- Excellent choice in pediatric infections. 2 months and up
- · Very effective against Haemophilus and Streptococcus pneumonia which are the most common causes of childhood eye infections.
- Drop form only-generic available
- · Good against MRSA (LASIK in susceptible populations)

# Erythromycin

- .5% ointment only (Ilotycin)
- Bacteriostatic-inhibits protein synthesis
- Good gram-positive, marginal gram-negative
- Not good for active therapy, supportive only
- Prophylaxis for ophthalmia noenatorum, though pediatric rated at 2 months and above



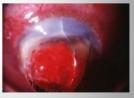
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#### **Bacitracin**

- Ointment only
- Degrades cell walls.....works on gram positive
- · Great against Staph so good choice for blepharitis treatment
- · Polysporin ointment (Bacitracin and Polymixin). Good gram pos. and good gram negative from polymyxin

#### Sulfacetamide 10%

- · What's old is new again....
- Many of today's bacterial strains have never been exposed
- Resistance is currently actually low
- · High allergy rate



53 54



#### AzaSite

- 1% Azithromycin in Durasite vehicle
- Approved for bacterial conjunctivitis: Used for MGD too, AIC
- · Bacteriostatic, not bactericidal
- Conjunctivitis dosing is BID for two days, QD for five days so nine drops total for treatment course
- May already be facing considerable resistance due to long time systemic use. Pediatric rated at one year and up



55 56

# Quick review of topical steroids

- Several topical steroids available for ocular use
- Long track records for many of them with proven efficacy
- Differing levels of activity with differing side effect profiles
- · Various clinical niches for different drugs
- Side effects well known......PSC's (< orals), increased IOP (> orals), etc.

#### Prednisolone Acetate

- Most commonly used topical steroid
- Potent "gold standard" with good mix of effectivity and side effect profile
- .12% suspension (Pred mild)
- 1% suspension (Pred Forte, Omnipred).
   Econopred no longer exists: replaced by generic Omnipred with smaller molecule.

57 58

# Prednisolone phosphate

- Goes on and off the market in generic form
- · Rarely used
- · Vasocidin drops in combo with Sulfacetamide
- · Used in the SCUT trial

#### Durezol

- .05% Ophthalmic emulsion
- ½ dosing schedule compared to Pred Forte and others
- Generic available at around \$50-\$60
- Very effective against iritis, can be drug of choice
- VERY high propensity to elevate IOP

59 60

# Loteprednol Etabonate



- · Site-specific steroids often referred to as "soft steroids"
- .5% (Lotemax) and .2% (Alrex)
- 1% Inveltys,.38% Lotemax SM, .25% Eysuvis

#### Lotemax

- .5% Loteprednol suspension
- Almost as potent as Pred Forte but very little propensity to elevate IOP or cause PSC's
- In the eye, it binds to the target site and achieves therapeutic effect but then is quickly broken down
- Intrinsic esterases turn the drug into cortienic acid which is an inactive metabolite
- Available in ointment form which is preservative free and as a "gel" forming drop
- Generic of the .5% suspension

61 62

#### Lotemax

- · This allows for excellent therapeutic effect with a substantially reduced propensity to cause problems
- Penetrates very well
- · Potent enough to be used for almost everything except acute iritis / iridocyclitis
- · Often "the" choice for chronic intraocular inflammation
- Expensive, but drug program through Walgreens for \$35 copay unless government insurance.

### Alrex

- · .2% Loteprednol
- Similar to Lotemax but not potent enough to treat intraocular inflammation: surface only
- · Cost issues: can cost more than Lotemax



63 64

# Inveltys

# · 1% Loteprednol

- · Purchased by Alcon (Kala originally)
- · Approved for post-op inflammation and pain
- Dosed BID

#### Lotemax SM

- · .38% Loteprednol
- · SM for sub-micron technology: improved contact time, much improved AC penetration
- · Approved for post-op inflammation and pain
- TID dosing

# Eysuvis

- · .25% Loteprednol
- Approved for 2-week course for dry eye therapy
- · Purchased by Alcon from Kala

65 66

# Loteprednol summary

- .2% Alrex
- · .25% Eysuvis
- .38% Lotemax SM
- .5% Lotemax
- 1.0% Inveltys

#### Dexamethasone

- Dexamethasone sodium phosphate or alcohol suspension
- .1% suspension (Maxidex)
- Potent, but tremendous ability to increase IOP
- Frequently used in combination with antibiotics (Tobradex, Maxitrol, Dexacidin)
- Tobradex ST: only .05% dexamethasone

67 68

#### Fluoromethalone

- Relatively weak, little risk of elevating IOP but limited clinical uses
- .1% ointment (FML)
- .1% suspension (FML and Eflone)
- .25% suspension (FML Forte)
- .1% acetate suspension (Flarex)

#### Combinations

- Maxitrol, Dexacidin
- · Pred-G
- Tobradex (has a generic)
   & Tobradex ST, Zylet
- Blephamide, Vasocidin
- FML-S



69 70

# #4) Topical NSAIDS

#### Ketoralac

- Acular LS 0.4% (what does LS stand for?). QID
- Acuvail preservative free, unit dose vials. BID
- Original Acular is .5% and it has substantial issues with stinging
- Uses for topical NSAIDS include surface pain, post-operative pain / inflammation, CME
- Generic Acular and generic Acular LS: about \$35
- Acuvail about \$350

71 72

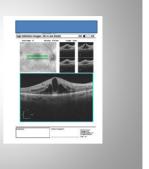
#### Diclofenac

- Diclofenac .1%: branded Voltaren no longer available
- Generically available (earlier generic forms linked to corneal melting)
- QID dosing, cost can be as little as \$10-\$20



Nepafanac

- Nevanac .1% Nepafanac
- Prodrug
- TID dosing
- Excellent for CME
- Expensive
- Ilevro .3% Nepafanac
- QD dosing
- \$250 for 1.7 ml



73

74

#### **Bromfenac**

- Bromfenac .09% : Bromday
- Has a generic: good RX about \$60 for 1.7ml
- QD dosing
- Also Prolensa .07%.
   Decreased PH to increase corneal penetration (1.6 ml and 3ml)
- Also Bromsite .075%

#5) Immune modulators / dry eye

- Restasis .05% and generic
- Topical cyclosporin A: Inhibits T-cells
- Emulsion
- · Also in multi-dose bottle
- Takes weeks to months for maximum effect
- Possible suppressive use in HSK, HZV, and atopic disease



75

76

#### Xiidra

- · Lifitegrast (Xiidra) 5%
- Shire (Takeda)- now Novartis
- FDA approval granted in July of 2016
- BID dosing for dry eye
- Not exactly clear how it helps in dry eye, but most likely blocks T-cell adhesion, thus limiting Tcell mediated inflammation.
- Works quicker than Restasis, within about 2 weeks
- \$450.00 / 60 vial carton, can be up to \$600 +

# Cequa

- · Sun pharmaceuticals
- FDA approval in August 2018
- · .09% cyclosporine A
- BID dosing
- Nanotechnology for delivery
- Available at special mail order pharmacy at reduced cost to commercially insured patients (no Medicare or Medicaid)
- Also available through traditional pharmacy channels

77 78

#### Vevye

- · 0.1% cyclosporin
- No water, preservative
   free
- BID dosing (0.1% cyclosporin in Europe is dosed QD)
- May work more quickly than Restasis, likely by one month

#### Verkazia

- .1% Cyclosporin emulsion by Santen
- FDA approved for Vernal conjunctivitis @ QID dosing
- Possible off label use for dry eye (similar to European Restasis), other atopic disease, etc.
- \$1500-\$2000!!!!!!!!





79 80

# Cyclosporine summary

- · .05% Restasis
- .09% Cequa
- .1% Vevye
- .1% Verkazia

#### Miebo

- 100%
- perfluorohexyloctane
- No water
- No preservatives
- QID to prevent tear evaporation
- No contraindications, at least 30 minutes before Cl's
- Blink RX: Commercially insured \$0 the first time, \$0-60 for refills



81 82

#### Tyrvaya

- Nasal spray
- Varenicline: nerve stimulator to increase tear production
- · BID dosing
- Cholinergic agonist
- Similar to True Tear device which was discontinued
- Main side effects: sneezing (82% in clinical trials), coughing, throat irritation
- Price of \$500-\$600
- Oral form (Chantix) is a smoking cessation aid

# Xdemvy

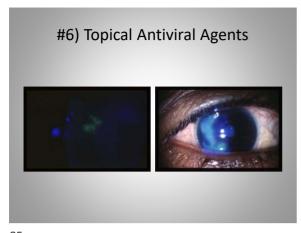
- Treatment for demodex blepharitis
- .25% Lotilaner solution
- One drop BID for 6 weeks
- Can discolor soft contacts
- Uptake into sebum of lash follicles. Being studied for MGD

Inhibits GABA-CI channels leading to paralysis and death. "Ectoparaciticide"

Credelio: Lotilaner chew tablet for flea and tick control in dogs and cats

Can also try Soolantra Ivermectin cream

83



# Viroptic

- HSK Epithelial lesions respond extremely well to topical antiviral therapy. Historical mainstay of treatment is Viroptic (triflurodine).
- Extremely effective against HSV but very toxic to the cornea. Also, very expensive, even generic

86 85

# Viroptic

- Viroptic is utilized Q 2-3h with an ideal maximum of around nine drops per day (toxicity). Once epithelium heals, decrease to QID for about 1 more week
- · Medicamentosa is very common with secondary keratitis but the drug is almost universally effective in treating the infection

Zirgan

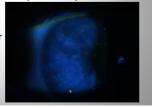
- Another topical option is Zirgan, a gel forming drop.
- Prolonged contact time, so dosing is less: 5 times per day until the epithelium is intact, then TID for several more days
- · Unfortunately, extremely expensive

87

# Topical antivirals

- · Zirgan has been used in Europe under the name Virgan with a long track record
- · Possibly effective against adenovirus as
- · Can work against Zoster dendrites (nothing else does)

· Older agents that are no longer readily available include IDU (Idoxuridine) and Vira-A (vidaribine) ointment



Topical antivirals

 Avaclyr 3% acyclovir ophthalmic ointment

88

- · FDA approval Spring of 2019
- FERA pharmaceuticals
- 5 X day until defect healed, then 3 X day for several days
- Never went to market, FDA application withdrawn

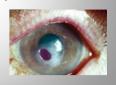
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#### Treatment alternative

- A viable alternative to topical therapy is the use of oral antiviral agents
- · Can be very effective, but may take a while longer to
- · Very, very cost effective if using Acyclovir. Dosing is 800mg TID. Cost of around \$30
- Also available in 200mg pills on most \$4 / \$10 plans. Can run in to issues with supply (need 12 pills per day)

#### Oxervate .002%

- · Completely unique agent to treat neurotrophic keratitis
- · Dompe out of Italy
- · Mimics nerve growth factor proteins
- Dosed 6 X day for 8 weeks



91 92

#### Oxervate .002%

- Retail price of around \$12,000 per 8-week supply, but many company programs to help with cost
- · Available only through Accredo specialty mail order pharmacy



93 94

# Upneeq .1% (oxymetazoline HCL)

- treat acquired ptosis: elevates eyelid
- Alpha adrenergic agonist
- Non-preserved, comes in individual use vials
- · Once per day dosing
- Unique agent utilized to
   Caution in uncontrolled HTN
  - · Caution in vascular insufficiency, Sjogrens
  - · Caution with very narrow angles
  - · Caution with concomitant MAOI use

# Upneeq .1%

- · Can only prescribe though company's RVL pharmacy
- · No insurance filing, all self pay
- 30 vials \$105
- 90 vials \$225

95 96

## Vuity

- · Presbyopia treatment
- Onset about 15 minutes, max effect by one hour
- · Lasts about 6 hours
- · 1.25% pilocarpine
- Improves near and intermediate vision with minimal to no negative impact on distance vision
- Issues with RD with higher myopes and others at risk
- Clinical trials only included patients from 40-55
- Most common side effects are headache / brow ache and injection, decreased vision in scotopic lighting
- Generic pilocarpine (isoptocarpine) still available in 1%, 2%, 4%

#### Qlosi

- Presbyopia treatment
- .4% pilocarpine
- · QD or BID

98

- · Preservative free
- No insurance

97

# Ryzumvi

- For reversal of pupillary mydriasis, and possibly presbyopia
- Expected availability in 2024
- .75% phentolamine
- Formerly Nyxol
- · Preservative free
- Alpha-1 receptor blocker
- Pupil back to baseline on average in 60-90 minutes after instillation
- Age 3 and up
- Discomfort (16%), redness (12%), dysgeugia(6%)



99

# The OTC players.....

- Ketotofin based mast cell / anthistamine combination products
- Old antihistamine / vasoconsrictor combos
- vasoconsrictor combos
   Vasocon-A, Naphcon-A
- Alaway (CVS has a generic): also a preservative free option
- Pataday once per day (\$19.00 2.5 ml), Pataday twice per day, Pataday extra strength (Pazeo)
- Zaditor
- Caritin Eye
- Refresh Allergy
- Lastacaft (QD)
- Most BID (some QD) for a couple of weeks, then possibly QD chronically

# Mast Cell Stabilizing / Antihistamine Combination Products

Prescription drugs......

- BID dosing
- Elestat (generic available)
- Optivar (also generic)
- Both around \$30, can occasionally have insurance coverage

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Straight antihistamines	
<mark>Zerviate</mark>	Bepreve
<ul> <li>.24% Ceftirizine (Zyrtec)</li> <li>Nicox</li> <li>Comes in individual vials, but not preservative free</li> <li>BID dosing</li> </ul>	BID dosing, may help with allergic rhinitis 10ml bottle

# Other agents

- Pure mast cell stabilizers
- Alamast
- Alocril (BID)
- Alomide
- Crolom
- Opticrom
- Most are QID dosing

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